# MND INVESTMENT (PVT) LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### AMIN, MUDASSAR & CO. Chartered Accountants



### Independent Auditor's Report to the members of MND Investment (Private) Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of MND Investment (Private) Limited, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the loss, total comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate,

AN

Ph #: +92-42-35717261-62 Fax #: +92-42-35717263 E-mail: amclhr1@brain.net.pk



they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
  intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based
  on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may
  cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
  uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
  financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based
  on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions
  may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business;
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980); and
- the company has duly complied with the requirements of Section 78 of the Securities Act, 2015, and relevant requirements of Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations, 2016 as at June 30, 2021.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Daoud.

Lahore:

05 OCT 2021

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

## MND INVESTMENT (PVT.) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

A5 A1 JUNE 50, 2021	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
ASSETS			
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment Intangible assets Long term investments Long term deposits Deferred taxation	4 5 6 7 8	5,503,004 9,500,000 18,111,704 1,500,000	525,536 9,500,000 17,850,072 1,500,000
CURRENT ASSETS		34,614,708	29,375,608
Trade debts Loans and advances Investment at fair value through profit or loss Trade deposits, short term prepayments and current account balance with statutory authorities Cash and bank balances	9 10 11 12 13	6,866,681 21,000 3,129,950 10,500,979 26,992,831 47,511,441 82,126,149	19,260,651 82,000 3,244,705 6,978,274 10,296,385 39,862,015 69,237,623
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital Accumulated loss Fair value adjustment reserve	14 15	65,480,000 (25,436,498) 8,557,907 48,601,409	65,480,000 (24,814,358) 8,296,275 48,961,917
Long term loan from Chief Executive	16	5,000,000	
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		53,601,409	48,961,917
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances Trade and other payables Provision for taxation	17 18	5,636,233 22,659,835 228,672	411,303 19,833,167 31,236
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	19	28,524,740	20,275,706
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.		- Vaj120/117	A

THE EVECUTIVE

## MND INVESTMENT (PVT.) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Brokerage and commission	20	25,769,661	12,292,216
Direct costs	21	(2,051,882)	(1,046,830)
		23,717,779	11,245,386
Operating expenses Other operating expenses Other income	22 23 24	(25,768,820) (734,602) 2,726,000 (23,777,422)	(13,992,622) (80,744) 3,271,331 (10,802,036)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS		(59,643)	443,351
Finance cost	25	(6,719)	(6,429)
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		(66,362)	436,922
Taxation	26	(555,778)	(194,382)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		(622,140)	242,540
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	27	(0.10)	0.04
The annexed notes form an integral part of these finance	ial stater	ments.	fr

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

## MND INVESTMENT (PVT.) LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
(Loss)/profit for the year	(622,140)	242,540
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss account	-	-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss account		
Gain/(loss) on investment categorised as fair value through other comprehensive income	261,632	(388,229)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	261,632	(388,229)
Total comprehensive (loss) for the year	(360,508)	(145,690)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**CHIEF EXECUTIVE** 

## MND INVESTMENT (PVT.) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
(Loss)/profit before taxation		(66,362)	436,922
Adjustments of items not involving movements of cash:  Depreciation  Unrealized fair value loss/(gain)	4 11	631,362 114,755	83,658 (672,305)
	_	746,117	(588,647)
Operating cash flows before working capital changes		679,755	(151,725)
(Increase) / decrease in working capital			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets  Trade debts  Loan and advances  Trade deposits and prepayments  Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		12,393,970 61,000 (3,553,941)	(10,998,354) (82,000)
Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances Trade and other payables		5,224,930 2,826,668	140,033 15,433,731
	-	16,952,627	4,493,410
Cash generated from / (used in) operations		17,632,382	4,341,685
Taxes paid	_	(327,106)	(194,382)
Net cash flows from operating activities		17,305,276	4,147,303
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed asset purchased	-	(5,608,830)	(23,000)
Net cash flows from investing activities		(5,608,830)	(23,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	5,000,000	
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		16,696,446	4,124,303
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		10,296,385	6,172,082
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	A =	26,992,831	10,296,385
A Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash and bank balances	13	26,992,831	10,296,385
	=	26,992,831	10,296,385
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.			The state of the s

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

## MND INVESTMENT (PVT.) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Paid up capital	Accumulated loss	Fair value adjustment reserve	Sub Total	Long term loan	Total
		(1	R u p	e e s)		
Balance as at June 30, 2019	65,480,000	(25,056,898)	8,684,504	49,107,606		49,107,606
Profit after taxation	-	242,540	-	242,540	-	242,540
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	(388,229)	(388,229)	-	(388,229)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	5F.	242,540	(388,229)	(145,689)		(145,690)
Balance as at June 30, 2020	65,480,000	(24,814,358)	8,296,275	48,961,917	Nig.	48,961,917
Loss after taxation	-	(622,140)	-	(622,140)		(622,140)
Other comprehensive income	-	_	261,632	261,632		261,632
Total comprehensive loss for the year	*	(622,140)	261,632	(360,508)	-	(360,508)
Long term loan received	TW	2	~	-	5,000,000	5,000,000
Balance as at June 30, 2021	65,480,000	(25,436,498)	8,557,907	48,601,409	5,000,000	53,601,409

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

for

#### MND INVESTMENT (PVT.) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### 1 COMPANY AND ITS OPERATION

1.1 The company was incorporated as Private Limited Company on June 22, 2007 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The company is engaged in the business of share brokerage and investment in securities. The registered office of the company is situated at Room No. 509, 5th Floor, Lahore Stock Exchange Building, 19-Khyayaban-e-Aiwan-e-Iqbal, Lahore.

The company is holder of Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) of Pakistan Stock Exchange.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium Sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS for SMEs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 2.2 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policy notes.

#### 2.3 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 2.4 JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments and estimates made by management that may have a significant risk of material adjustments to the financial statements in subsequent years are as follows:

- Useful lives, residual values and depreciation method of property and equipment
- Useful lives, residual values and amortization method of intangible assets
- Valuation of investment in ordinary shares of LSE Financial Services Limited
- Provision for doubtful account receivables



- Estimation of provisions
- Estimation of contingent liabilities
- Current income tax expense, provision for current tax and recognition of deferred tax asset

#### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any).

Depreciation is charged on reducing balance method at the rates mentioned in the relevant notes to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged for the month in which an asset is acquired while no depreciation is charged for the month in which an asset is disposed off. Normal repair and maintenance is charged to revenue as and when incurred, while major renewals and replacements are capitalized. The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Gain or loss on disposal of property and equipment, if any is taken to profit or loss.

#### 3.2 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets with finite useful life are stated at cost less amortization and impairment, if any. The carrying amount is reviewed at each reporting date to assess whether it is in excess of its recoverable amount, and where carrying value exceeds estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to estimated recoverable amount. The useful lives, residual values and amortization method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### 3.2.1 Membership card and offices

This is stated at cost less impairment, if any. The carrying amount is reviewed at each reporting date to assess whether it is in excess of its recoverable amount, and where the carrying value exceeds estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

#### 3.2.2 Computer Software

Expenditure incurred to acquire identifiable computer software and having probable economic benefits exceeding the cost beyond one year, is recognized as an intangible asset. Such expenditure includes the purchase cost of software (license fee) and related overhead cost.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software programs are recognized as an expense when incurred.

Costs which enhance or extend the performance of computer software beyond its original specification and useful life is recognized as capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software.

Computer software and license costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment loss and amortized through reducing balance method.

Amortization is charged when asset is available for use until asset is disposed off.

#### 3.3 FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial assets are classified in the following categories: Held-to-maturity, at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

#### 3.3.1 Held to Maturity

The investments with fixed maturity, if any, that the company has to positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Held to maturity investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs and are subsequently stated at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less impairment, if any. These are classified as current and non-current assets in accordance with nature of investment.

3.3.2 At fair value through profit or loss



Investments classified as held for trading are included in the category of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These are listed securities that are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short term fluctuations in price or dealer's margin.

All investments are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given excluding acquisition charges with the investment. After initial recognition, investments are measured at their fair values. Unrealized gains and losses on investments are recognized in profit or loss of the period.

Fair values of these securities representing listed equity and debt securities are determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market prices at the close of the business on reporting date.

#### 3.3.3 Available-for-sale

Investments which are intended to be held for an undefined period of time but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity or changes in interest rates are classified as available-for-sale.

Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, these are premeasured at fair value. The Company uses latest stock exchange quotations to determine the fair value of its quoted investments whereas fair value of investments in un-quoted companies is determined by applying the appropriate valuation techniques. Gains or losses on available-for-sale investments are recognized directly in other comprehensive income until the investments are sold or disposed-off, or until the investments are determined to be impaired, at that time cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income, is re-classified from equity to profit or loss as re-classification adjustment.

#### 3.3.4 Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than twelve months after the reporting date, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables comprise trade debts, loans, advances, deposits, other receivable and cash and bank balances in the statement of financial position.

#### 3.4 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Financial liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value, of the consideration given and subsequently carried at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

#### 3.5 OFF-SETTING OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 3.6 TRADE DEBTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables are recognised and carried at transaction price less an allowance for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Bad debts are written-off in the statement of profit or loss on identification.

The allowance for doubtful debts of the Company is based on the ageing analysis and management's continuous evaluation of the recoverability of the outstanding receivables. In assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, management considers, among other factors, the creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. \( \)

#### 3.7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash balances and call deposits. For the purpose of statement of cash flows; cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances and running finances.

#### 3.8 BORROWINGS

Loans are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in finance costs.

In case the loan is interest-free or carries interest below the prevalent market rate, it is initially recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. The difference between the discounted present value and actual receipt is recognised as finance income. Subsequently, the interest-free loan is measured at amortized cost, using the effective Interest rate method, this involves unwinding of discount, such that at the repayment date, the carrying value of obligation equals the amount to be repaid. The unwinding of discount is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 3.9 TAXATION

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the applicable rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits, brought forward losses, accelerated depreciation allowances and any minimum limits imposed by the taxation laws.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for the financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax asset is recognized for all the deductible temporary differences only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset may be utilized. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all the taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except in the case of items credited or charged to comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is included in comprehensive income or equity.

#### 3.10 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid, in the future for goods and services received and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

#### 3.11 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value using a pre-tax discount rate. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost in the statement of profit or loss. \( \)

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

As the actual outflows can differ from estimates made for provisions due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, technology, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to take account of such changes. Any adjustments to the amount of previously recognised provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of cost of an asset.

#### 3.12 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 3.13 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS AND TRANSLATION

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Pakistan Rupees at the exchanges rate ruling at the date of transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at reporting date are translated into Pakistan Rupees at exchange rates ruling on that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

#### 3.14 IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. The Company recognises the reversal immediately in the statement of profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with the revaluation model. Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 3.15 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of any direct expenses and sales tax. Revenue is recognized on the following basis:

- Brokerage, consultancy and advisory fee, commission etc. are recognized as and when such services are provided, and thereby the performance obligations are satisfied.
- Profit on saving accounts, profit on exposure deposits and markup on marginal financing is recognized at effective yield on time proportion basis.

- Gains/(losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the profit or loss in the period in which
  they arise.
- Dividend income is recorded when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'fair value through other comprehensive income' are included in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'fair value through profit or loss' are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- Other revenues are recorded, as and when due, on accrual basis.

#### 3.16 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

#### 3.17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions and contracts with the related parties are carried out at an arm's length price determined in accordance with comparable uncontrolled price method except reason disclosed in relevant note to the financial statements, if any. Transactions with related parties have been disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

#### 3.18 TRADE DATE ACCOUNTING

All "regular way" purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, i.e. the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell an asset. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are those, the contract for which requires delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market.

# 4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

		Cost			Accumulal	Accumulated Depreciation	on	W.D.V
Particulars	As at June 30, 2020	Additions	As at June 30, 2021	Rate %	As at June 30, 2020	Charge for the year	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
OWNED	R	e e d n	S			R u p	s a a	
Furniture and fittings	475,700	ť	475,700	10%	180,244	29,546	209,790	265,910
Office equipment	225,070	a	225,070	10%	102,827	12,224	115,051	110,019
Computers	1,230,300	ť	1,230,300	30%	1,158,884	21,425	1,180,309	49,991
Vehicles	000'009	5,608,830	6,208,830	20%	563,579	568,167	1,131,746	5,077,084
	2,531,070	5,608,830	8,139,900		2,005,534	631,362	2,636,896	5,503,004

# 4.1 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

		Cost			Accumulat	Accumulated Depreciation	on	W.D.V
Particulars	As at June 30, 2019	Additions	As at June 30, 2020	Rate %0	As at June 30, 2019	Charge for the year	As at June 30, 2020	As at June 30, 2020
OWNED	Τ	n b e e	S			R и р	- s a a	
Furniture and fittings	475,700	36	475,700	10	147,416	32,828	180,244	295,456
Office equipment	225,070	ï	225,070	10	89,244	13,583	102,827	122,243
Computers	1,207,300	23,000	1,230,300	30	1,130,742	28,142	1,158,884	71,416
Vehicles	900'009	î	900,000	20	554,474	9,105	563,579	36,421
	2,508,070	23,000	2,531,070		1,921,876	83,658	2,005,534	525,536
		2021	2020					
	Note	Rupees	Rupees					

4.2 Allocation of Depreciation: Operating expenses

631,362

22

83,658

			2021	2020
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
5	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Rights of room	5.1	7,000,000	7,000,000
	Trading right entitlement certificate (TREC)	5.2	2,500,000	2,500,000
			9,500,000	9,500,000

- 5.1 The rights of room has not yet been transferred in the name of the company. The company is in the process of finalization of lease deed against the said room with LSE Financial Services Limited.
- 5.2 It represents Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) received from the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited without any additional payment, in lieu of TREC issued by the Lahore Stock Exchange Limited, surrendered on, January 10, 2016 on the consequence of Scheme(s) of Integration approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide Order No. 01/2016 dated January 11, 2016 under regulation 6 (8) of the Stock Exchange (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration) Regulations, 2012. The Trading Right Entitlement Certificate is pledged/mortgaged with the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited as a collateral for running the brokerage business and to meet partly, the Base Minimum Capital Requirement.

6	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
	Unquoted - Shares of LSE Financial Services Limited: Available for sale			
	Cost as at July 01, Fair value adjustment	6.1	9,553,797 8,557,907	9,553,797 8,296,275
			18,111,704	17,850,072

6.1 Pursuant to the promulgation of the Stock Exchanges (Corporation, Demutualization and Integration) Act, 2012 (The Act), The Lahore Sock Exchange Limited, now LSE Financial Services Limited had allotted 843,975 shares of the face value of Rs. 10 each to the TREC holder. All shares are held in freeze status in the respective CDC subaccount of the TREC holder. The divestment of the same will be made in accordance with the requirements of the Act within one year from the date of Scheme(s) of Integration approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide Order No. 01/2016 dated January 11, 2016 under regulation 6 (8) of the Stock Exchange (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration) Regulations, 2012. The Company has pledged 843,975 shares of LSE Financial Services Limited with the Pakistan Stock Exchange to fulfill the Base Minimum Capital requirement.

The Company, as per its policy, carried out the valuation of the aforementioned investments. In this connection, the valuation technique used by the Company was Discounted Cash Flow of Earnings method. Assumptions and inputs used in the valuation are post-tax earnings, historic growth rate of earning, rate of return on equity, risk premium. Principal assumptions used in the valuation of above unquoted investments are based on current market/industry conditions in respect of discount rate and growth rate. Business net cash flow forecast over an indefinite (infinity) has been assumed after projection period of 5 years.

2021

2020

			2021	2020
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
7	LONG TERM DEPOSITS			
	Deposits with:			
	National Clearing Company of Pakistan Ltd.		1,400,000	1,400,000
	Central Depositary Company of Pakistan Ltd.		100,000	100,000
			1,500,000	1,500,000
			#	1

			2021	2020
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
8	DEFERRED TAXATION			
	Deferred credits/(debits) arising due to:			
	Accelerated tax depreciation		(8,844)	27,650
	Provision for doubtful debts		(257,640)	(86,642)
	Minimum tax		(534,164)	(353,386)
	Brought forward losses			(188,054)
			(800,648)	(600,432)
	Balance as at July 01,		-	
	Add: Charge for the year		2	-
			=	-

8.1 At the year end, net deductible temporary differences and minimum tax credits resulted in a net deferred tax asset of Rs. 800,648 (2020: Rs.600,432). However, deferred tax asset has not been recognized in these financial statements being prudent. Management is of the view that recognition of deferred tax asset shall be reassessed as at June 30, 2022.

#### 8.2 Minimum taxes would expire as follows:

	Accounting year to which minimum tax relates	Amount of minimum taxes (Rupees)	Accounting ye minimum tax	
	2018 2019 2020 2021	25,002 119,922 57,676 331,564	202 202 202 202	4 5
		Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
9	TRADE DEBTS	11010	napees	rapecs
	Receivable from clients on account of:			
	Purchase of shares on behalf of clients		2,695,411	3,296,840
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	9.1	947,171	332,952
			1,748,240	2,963,888
	National Clearing Company of Pakistan Ltd.		5,118,441	16,296,763
			6,866,681	19,260,651
9.1	Movement is as follows			
	Opening balance		332,952	260,946
	Provision made during the year		614,219	72,006
			947,171	332,952
9.2	Aging Analysis-Receivable from clients			
	Upto five days		397,645	325,242
	More than five days		1,350,595	2,638,647
			1,748,240	2,963,888
				/

		Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
10	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Advances to: (Un-secured but considered good)			00.000
	Employees		21,000	82,000
11	INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS			
	Carrying value as on July 01,	11.1	3,244,705	2,572,400
	(Loss)/gain on remeasurement of investment at fair value	e	(114,755)	672,305
			3,129,950	3,244,705
11 1	This includes shares having carrying value of Rs. 3,129,9	50 (2020: Rs Nil) 1	oledged with Na	tional Clearing
11.1	Company of Pakistan Limited.	50 (2020. 103 1411) 1		
		Note	2021	2020 Rupees
12	TRADE DEPOSITS, SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS AND CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCE WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES	Note	Rupees	Kupees
	Deposits with:			
	National Clearing Company of Pakistan Ltd	12.1	9,500,000	6,000,000
	Prepaid expenses Tax deducted at source		53,941 947,038	978,274
	Tax deducted at source		10,500,979	6,978,274
	respect of trade in future and ready market. These deposits	carry promote at the		0 10 0 70 (2020.
13	6% to 12%) per annum.  CASH AND BANK BALANCES  These were held as under:  Cash in hand  Cash at bank:  in current accounts   Pertaining to brokerage house   Pertaining to clients	Note	2021 Rupees - - 8,532,625 18,460,206	2020 Rupees - - 6,266,855 4,029,530
13	6% to 12%) per annum.  CASH AND BANK BALANCES  These were held as under:  Cash in hand  Cash at bank:  in current accounts  Pertaining to brokerage house		2021 Rupees - - 8,532,625 18,460,206	2020 Rupees - - 6,266,855 4,029,530
13	6% to 12%) per annum.  CASH AND BANK BALANCES  These were held as under:  Cash in hand  Cash at bank:  in current accounts  Pertaining to brokerage house		2021 Rupees - - 8,532,625 18,460,206 26,992,831	2020 Rupees - - 6,266,855 4,029,530 10,296,385
13	6% to 12%) per annum.  CASH AND BANK BALANCES  These were held as under:  Cash in hand  Cash at bank:  in current accounts  Pertaining to brokerage house		2021 Rupees - - 8,532,625 18,460,206	2020 Rupees - - 6,266,855 4,029,530
13	6% to 12%) per annum.  CASH AND BANK BALANCES  These were held as under:  Cash in hand  Cash at bank:  in current accounts  Pertaining to brokerage house		2021 Rupees - - 8,532,625 18,460,206 26,992,831	2020 Rupees - - 6,266,855 4,029,530 10,296,385
	CASH AND BANK BALANCES These were held as under: Cash in hand Cash at bank: in current accounts Pertaining to brokerage house Pertaining to clients		2021 Rupees - - 8,532,625 18,460,206 26,992,831	2020 Rupees - - 6,266,855 4,029,530 10,296,385
	6% to 12%) per annum.  CASH AND BANK BALANCES  These were held as under:  Cash in hand  Cash at bank:  in current accounts  Pertaining to brokerage house  Pertaining to clients  SHARE CAPITAL  Authorized  7,500,000 (2020: 7,500,000) ordinary shares		2021 Rupees  8,532,625 18,460,206  26,992,831  26,992,831	2020 Rupees   6,266,855 4,029,530  10,296,385  10,296,385
	CASH AND BANK BALANCES These were held as under: Cash in hand Cash at bank: in current accounts Pertaining to brokerage house Pertaining to clients  SHARE CAPITAL Authorized 7,500,000 (2020: 7,500,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		2021 Rupees  8,532,625 18,460,206  26,992,831  26,992,831	2020 Rupees  6,266,855 4,029,530  10,296,385  10,296,385
	CASH AND BANK BALANCES  These were held as under: Cash in hand Cash at bank: in current accounts Pertaining to brokerage house Pertaining to clients  SHARE CAPITAL  Authorized 7,500,000 (2020: 7,500,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each  Issued, subscribed and paid up 2,681,000 (2020: 2,681,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each fully paid in cash 3,867,000 (2020: 3,867,000) ordinary shares		2021 Rupees  8,532,625 18,460,206  26,992,831  26,992,831	2020 Rupees  6,266,855 4,029,530  10,296,385  10,296,385  75,000,000
	CASH AND BANK BALANCES These were held as under: Cash in hand Cash at bank: in current accounts Pertaining to brokerage house Pertaining to clients  SHARE CAPITAL Authorized 7,500,000 (2020: 7,500,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each Issued, subscribed and paid up 2,681,000 (2020: 2,681,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each fully paid in cash		2021 Rupees  8,532,625 18,460,206  26,992,831  26,992,831	2020 Rupees  6,266,855 4,029,530  10,296,385  10,296,385  75,000,000
	CASH AND BANK BALANCES  These were held as under: Cash in hand Cash at bank: in current accounts Pertaining to brokerage house Pertaining to clients  SHARE CAPITAL  Authorized 7,500,000 (2020: 7,500,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each  Issued, subscribed and paid up 2,681,000 (2020: 2,681,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each fully paid in cash 3,867,000 (2020: 3,867,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each fully paid for consideration	Note	2021 Rupees  8,532,625 18,460,206  26,992,831  26,992,831  75,000,000	2020 Rupees  6,266,855 4,029,530  10,296,385  10,296,385  75,000,000  26,810,000

					1
				2021	2020
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
14.1	Share issued for consideraion other than cash				
	Share issued against property			7,000,000	7,000,000
	Share issued against membership card of stock e	exchange		30,000,000	30,000,000
	Share issued against fixed assets			1,670,000	1,670,000
				38,670,000	38,670,000
14.2	Pattern of Shareholding:				
		% age of Sl	nares Held	Number of Sl	nares Held
		2021	2020	2021	2020
	Categories of shareholders				
	Individual - Chief Executive Officer				
	Mrs. Mehreen Umar Daha	90%	90%	5,893,200	5,893,200
	Individual - Director				
	Mr. Umar Khan Daha	10%	10%	654,800	654,800
	=	100%	100%	6,548,000	6,548,000
15	This represents accumulated gain on available profit or loss upon disposal of related investmen			2021	2020
		* 110	Note	Rupees	Rupees
16	LONG TERM LOAN FROM CHIEF EXECUTI	VE	160	F 000 000	
	Loan from Mrs. Mehreen Umar Daha		16.2	5,000,000	
16.1	Loan from director:				
	Balance as at July 01,			0 <del>.</del>	-
	Add: Loan obtained during the year			5,000,000	-
				5,000,000	-
16.2	This represents interest free and un-secured loss is subordinated to all other debts of the compa company has no intention to repay the loan in r	ny. The loan is	repayable at the	cutive of the comp discretion of the	oany. The loan company. The
				2021	2020
17	DEPOSITS, ACCRUED LIABILITIES		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	AND ADVANCES				

17	DEPOSITS, ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND ADVANCES	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Accrued expenses		5,636,233	411,303
18	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors for sale of shares on behalf of clients Punjab workers welfare fund payable	18.2	22,654,207 5,628	19,824,429 8,738
	Tanque nomes necessarias para para para para para para para pa		22,659,835	19,833,167

18.1 The total value of securities pertaining to clients is Rs. 440,494,481 (2020: Rs. 345,993,506) held in sub-accounts of the company. No security is pledged by client to the financial institutions except for National Clearing Company of Pakistan Ltd. amounting Rs. 32,147,805 (2020: Rs. 5,460,000) against exposure.

18.2 Creditors for sale of shares on behalf of clients include the following amount due to related parties:

	Name of related party Mr. Umar Khan Daha	Basis of relationship Director	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees 650
19	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMIT	MENTS		
	Contingencies and commitments as a	t reporting date were Rs. Nil (2020: Rs. Nil)		
	o .		2021	2020
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
20	BROKERAGE AND COMMISSION	processing and the second seco	1	
	Retail customers	20.1	29,892,807	14,258,971
	Less: Sales tax		(4,123,146)	(1,966,755)
			25,769,661	12,292,216
20.1	Commission from retail customers inc	cludes the commission earned from following	ing related parties	S:
			2021	2020
	Name of related party	Basis of relationship	Rupees	Rupees
				Control State of Control
	Mrs. Mehreen Umar Daha	Chief Executive	-	149 10,382
	Mr. Umar Khan Daha	Director		10,531
1000				10,001
21	DIRECT COSTS			
	Charges paid to:			
	Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited		919,555	244,689
	Central Depositry Company of Pak		605,200	475,111
	National Clearing Company of Pak	ristan Ltd.	527,127	327,030
			2,051,882	1,046,830
22	OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Directors' remuneration		10,511,040	5,111,190
	Staff salaries and benefits		12,168,003	6,544,045
	Rent, rates and taxes		242,258	11,738
	Communication and postage		346,689	341,882
	Electricity charges		212,829	201,479
	Printing and stationery		50,842	54,407
	Repair and maintenance	22.4	376,744	225,915
	Legal and professional charges	22.1	417,057	642,871
	Fee and subscription		171,276 48,977	258,480 3,850
	Insurance Newspapers and periodicals		10,833	10,750
	Entertainment		412,493	370,635
	Depreciation	4	631,362	83,658
	Travelling and conveyance		79,555	69,040
	Others		88,862	62,682
			25,768,820	13,992,622
				Λ



#### 22.1 Auditor's remuneration

This includes statutory audit fee and other certification charges as detailed below:

			2021	2020
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Amin, Mudassar & Co.			
	Chartered Accountants		04 500	81 000
	Statutory audit		94,500	81,900
	Certification fee for regulatory purposes		101,386 195,886	165,717 247,617
			193,880	247,017
23	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Loss on remeasurement of investment at fair value through profit or loss		114,755	5 <b>5</b> 3
	Provision for doubtful debts		614,219	72,006
	Punjab workers' welfare fund		5,628	8,738
			734,602	80,744
24	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Dividend income		950,683	993,780
	Profit on remeasurement of investment	44		<72.20E
	at fair value through profit or loss Interest income	11	443,808	672,305 589,495
			410,000	307,170
	Income from assets other than financial assets Other income		1,331,509	1,015,750
	outer meome		2,726,000	3,271,331
25	FINANCE COST			
	Bank charges		6,719	6,429
26	TAXATION			
	Income tax:		555,778	194,382
	- Current	Q	333,778	194,362
	- Deferred	8		104 202
			555,778	194,382
26.1	No numeric tax rate reconciliation is presented for the curr pay tax under final tax regime or minimum tax u/s 113 of In			either liable to
27	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED			
			2021	2020
	Profit for the year-Rupees		(622,140)	242,540
	Weighted Average Number of ordinary shares			
	outstanding during the year-Numbers		6,548,000	6,548,000
	Earnings per share-Rupees		(0.10)	0.04
28	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES			
			2021	2020
			(num	ber)
	Total number of employees at the end of year		11	11
	Average number of employees during the year		11	11
				Ma

#### 29 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for the year for remuneration to the chief executive, directors and executives of the company is as follows:

		2021	
	Chief Executive	Director	Executives
	R	u p e e	S
Managerial remuneration	4,471,540	6,039,500	8,966,654
Number of persons	1	1	5
		2020	
	Chief	D: .	T
	Executive	Director	Executives
	R	u p e e	S
Managerial remuneration	3,277,299	1,833,891	2
Number of persons	1	1	
30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY			
Financial assets and financial liabilities			
		2021	2020
		Rupees	Rupees
Financial assets			
Available for sale			
Long term investment		18,111,704	17,850,072
At fair value through profit or loss			
Investment in listed securities		3,129,950	3,244,705
Loans and receivables			
Long term deposits		1,500,000	1,500,000
Trade debts		6,866,681	19,260,65
Loans and advances		21,000	82,000
Trade deposits		9,500,000	6,000,000
Cash and bank balances		26,992,831	10,296,385
Financial liabilities	,	44,880,512	37,139,03
At amortized cost			
At amortized cost			
Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances		5,636,233	411,300
Trade and other payables		22,659,835	19,833,167
		28,296,068	20,244,470

#### 31 LIQUID CAPITAL BALANCE

The liquid capital balance has been prepared on the basis of Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations, 2016 (The Regulations) issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

#### 1. Assets

1.1	Property & Equipment	5,503,004	100.00%	.8
1.2	Intangible Assets	9,500,000	100.00%	
1.3	Investment in Govt. Securities	3,500,000	100.0070	
	Investment in Debt. Securities			110
	If listed than:			
	i. 5% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.		5.00%	
	ii. 7.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	-	7.50%	-
1.4	iii. 10% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.	-	10.00%	
	If unlisted than:		33333.75	- 22
	i. 10% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.	-	10.00%	9
	ii. 12.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	-	12.50%	
	iii. 15% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.	-	15.00%	-
	Investment in Equity Securities			
	i. If listed 15% or VaR of each securities on the cutoff date as computed by the Securities Exchange			
	for respective securities whichever is higher.	3,129,950	469,493	2,660,45
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of carrying value.	18,111,704	100.00%	- 9
1.5	iii. Subscription money against Investment in IPO/offer for Sale: Amount paid as subscription money provided that shares have not been alloted or are not included in the investments of securities broker.	-		
	iv. 100% Haircut shall be applied to Value of Investment in any asset including shares of listed securities that are in Block, Freeze or Pleadge status as on reporting date. (July 19, 2017). Provided that 100% haircut shall not be applied in case of investment in those securities which are Pledged in favor of Stock Exchange / Clearing House against Margin Financing requirements or pledged in favor of Banks against Short Term financing arrangements. In such cases, the haircut as provided in schedule III of the Regulations in respect of investment in securities shall be applicable (August 25, 2017)	c	의	Ş.
1.6	Investment in subsidiaries	-	100.00%	-
	Investment in associated companies/undertaking			
1.7	i. If listed 20% or VaR of each securities as computed by the Securites Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.	-	-	-
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value.	- 1	100.00%	
1.8	Statutory or regulatory deposits/basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity.	1,500,000	100.00%	-
1.9	Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house.	9,500,000	-	9,500,00
1.10	Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.	-	-	-
1.11	Other deposits and prepayments	1,000,979	100.00%	-
1.12	Accrued interest, profit or mark-up on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc.(Nil)	-		
	100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related parties	-	100.00%	12
1.13	Dividends receivables.	- 1	3	
1.14	Amounts receivable against Repo financing.  Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement. (Securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not be included in the investments.)	-	-	-
1.15	i. Short Term Loan To Employees: Loans are Secured and Due for repayment within 12 months	-		
	Receivables other than trade receivables	21,000	100.00%	-
	Receivables from clearing house or securities exchange(s)	-		
1.16	i. 100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.	5,118,441	16	5,118,4
	ii) Receivable on entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MTM gains.	-		
	Receivables from customers			
	i. In case receivables are against margin financing, the aggregate if (i) value of securities held in the blocked account after applying VAR based Haircut, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the financee (iii) market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying VaR based haircut. i. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments.	=		

A-

	use receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net balance sheet value.  Amount after deducting haircut	·	5.00%	8
17 collate	ase receivalbes are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid to NCCPL as eral upon entering into contract, t amount after deducting haricut	-	-	
	ase of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue, 0% of the net balance sheet value.	397,645	-	397,64
value o haircu securit	use of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of (i) the market of securities purchased for customers and held in sub-accounts after applying VAR based ts, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the respective customer and (iii) the market value of ties held as collateral after applying VAR based haircuts.  Deer of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments	1,350,595		1,350,59
vi. 100	% haircut in the case of amount receivable form related parties.	-	100.00%	-11. 3 <b>=</b>
	and Bank balances			
1.0	k Balance-proprietory accounts	8,532,625		8,532,6
-	nk balance-customer accounts	18,460,206		18,460,2
The same of the sa	sh in hand	-		
.19 Total	Assets	82,126,148		46,019,96
Liabilities	PC-021100			
	Payables			
	able to exchanges and clearing house	-	-	
	vable against leveraged market products vable to customers	22 (51 205		22 (5) 2
	nt Liabilities	22,654,207	-	22,654,21
	utory and regulatory dues			
1000	cruals and other payables	5,641,861	-	E (41.0)
	ort-term borrowings	3,641,661	-	5,641,8
iv Cu	rrent portion of subordinated loans	18 12		
	rrent portion of long term liabilities			111-1-1-1-1
	ferred Liabilities		-	
	ovision for bad debts		-	
viii. P	rovision for taxation	228,672	-	228,67
ix. Oth	her liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	E	*:	
	Current Liabilities			
i. Long	g-Term financing	2	8	
	ng-Term financing obtained from financial instituion: Long term portion of financing ed from a financial institution including amount due against finance lease			
b, Oth	er long-term financing			
	ff retirement benefits	-	-	
2.3 may be a. The b. Boad	vance against shares for Increase in Capital of Securities broker: 100% haircut e allowed in respect of advance against shares if: existing authorized share capital allows the proposed enhanced share capital d of Directors of the company has approved the increase in capital vant Regulatory approvals have been obtained			90
d. Their	re is no unreasonable delay in issue of shares against advance and all regulatory ements relating to the increase in paid up capital have been completed. itor is satisfied that such advance is against the increase of capital.			-
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	her liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	= [	15	
-	dinated Loans	2	-	-
deduct The Sc subord followi 2.4 a. Loar amoun b. No I month c. In ca	thedule III provides that 100% haircut will be allowed against dinated Loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP. In this regard, ing conditions are specified: In agreement must be executed on stamp paper and must clearly reflect the at to be repaid after 12 months of reporting period haircut will be allowed against short term portion which is repayable within next 12	5	*	
2.5 Total I	Liabilites	28 524 740		20 524 5
1101311	Liabilities	28,524,740		28,524,74

3.1	The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.	:=	-	131
	Concentration in securites lending and borrowing			
3.2	The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (li) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed		-	
	Net underwriting Commitments			
3.3	(a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of: (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities. In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting	991	-	g <b>e</b> s
	(b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments	(#)		
	Negative equity of subsidiary			
3.4	The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary ( excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary	·	3	ē
	Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions			
3.5	5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency		-	-
3.6	Amount Payable under REPO		-	
	Repo adjustment			
3.7	In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities.  In the case of financee/seller the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less the total amount received ,less value of any securites deposited as collateral by the purchaser after applying haircut less any cash deposited by the purchaser.		-	
	Concentrated proprietary positions			
3.8	If the market value of any security is between 25% and 51% of the total proprietary positions then 5% of the value of such security. If the market of a security exceeds 51% of the proprietary position, then 10% of the value of such security	-	312,995	312,99
	Opening Positions in futures and options			
3.9	i. In case of customer positions, the total margin requiremnets in respect of open postions less the amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of securites held as collateral/ pledged with securities exchange after applyiong VaR haircuts	-	50	-
	ii. In case of proprietary positions , the total margin requirements in respect of open positions to the extent not already met	•		2
	Short sell positions			
3.10	i. Incase of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market on behalf of customers after increasing the same with the VaR based haircuts less the cash deposited by the customer as collateral and the value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based Haircuts	-	Set	u
	ii. Incase of proprietory positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market and not yet settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the value of securities pledged as collateral after applying haircuts.	9	-	4
3.11	Total Ranking Liabilites		312,995	312,99
		53,601,408		17,182,23

Liquid Capital Balance

17,182,233

An

#### 32 NET CAPITAL BALANCE

The net capital balance has been prepared on the basis of Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) Rules, 1971, the Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulation, 2016 (The Regulations) and guidelines issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

CURRENT ASSETS	Rupees	Rupees
Margin Deposit with Clearing Houses National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited	9,500,000	9,500,000
Cash in hand and bank balances  Bank balances  Pertaining to Brokerage House  Pertaining to Clients  Cash in hand	8,532,625 18,460,206 26,992,831	26,992,831
Trade Receivables Receivable from National Clearing Company of Pakistan Receivables from clients Less: Outstanding for more than 14 days	5,118,441 2,695,411 2,158,116 537,295	5,655,736
Investment in Listed Securities  Securities appearing and owned by Brokerage House Less: 15% discount  Securities purchased for clients	3,129,950 469,493	2,660,457
Receivable from clients after expiry of 14 days  LESS: CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,231,183	1,231,183 46,040,207
Trade and other payables Overdue payables Less: Overdue more than 30 days  Other Liabilities Trade payables overdue more than 30 days Accrued expenses Other liabilities	22,654,207 16,326,497 6,327,710 16,326,497 5,636,233 234,300 22,197,030	_28,524,740_
NET CAPITAL BALANCE		17,515,467

#### 33 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

The corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for the purposes of comparison and better presentation. However, there is no major reclassification to report.

#### 34 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest of rupee.

#### 35 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on \_\_\_\_\_05 OCT 2021 by the Board of Directors of the Company. |

**CHIEF EXECUTIVE**